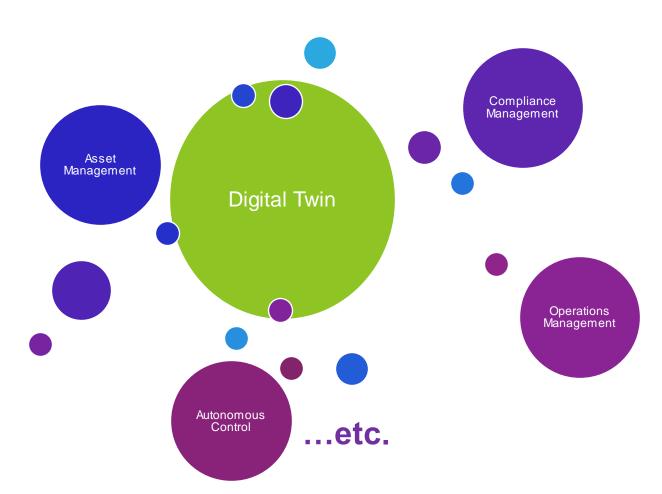




What is a Digital Twin?



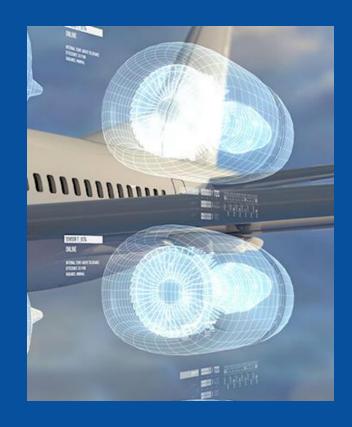
INL Definition: Digital Twins represent the merging of digital thread, controls theory, artificial intelligence, and online monitoring into a single cohesive unit, a virtual model that comprehensively captures all relevant aspects of the underlying system, utilizing bidirectional communication to track and trend both simulated and measured physical responses.

What is different than a traditional simulation?

- Integration of real-time data
- Dynamic model update (Al/ML integration)
- Real-time operator feedback (visualization)

Digital Twin Opportunity

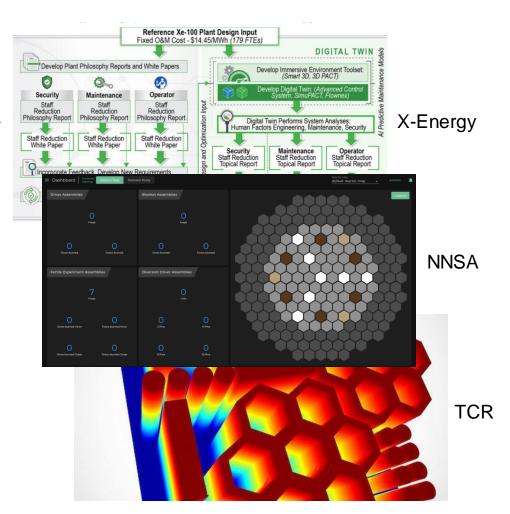
- Operational Cost
 - -14-23% reduced operations cost (BCG [1])
 - \$1.05 billion in cost avoidance (GE [2])
- Asset Performance
 - -40% improvement in first-time quality (Boeing [6])
 - -10% improvement in effectives (Gartner [2])
- Growing Market and Technology
 - Market is **~\$3.1 billion** (2020) [5]
 - Market predicted to \$48.2 billion by 2026 [5]



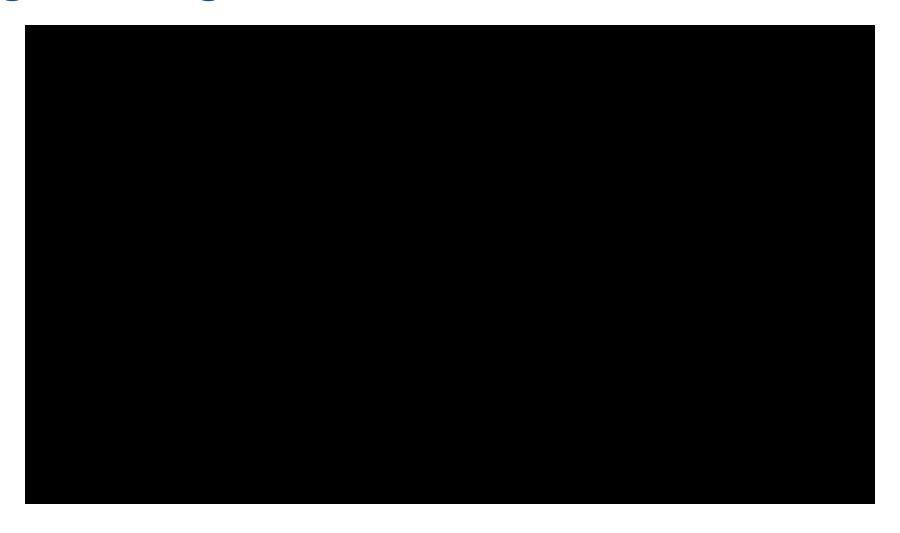
General Electric Aviation has digital replicas of every engine to monitor performance and predict maintenance issues. This approach reduces engine operational costs.

Nuclear Industry Examples

- Generating Electricity Managed by Intelligent Nuclear Assets (GEMINA) [4]: digital twin technology for advanced reactors to transform operations and maintenance (O&M) systems
 - ANL, EPRI, Framatome, GE Research, MIT,
 Moltex Energy, University of Michigan, X-Energy
- DOE-NE
 - NRIC: Model-based systems engineering (MBSE) and integrated 3D approach for test bed design
 - TCR: Digital platform for advanced manufacturing with integrated AI/ML
 - VTR: Advanced integrated digital ecosystem for reactor design with digital twin end-goal
- NNSA: Safeguards by Design Digital Twin



Safeguards Digital Twins Video



Digital Engineering

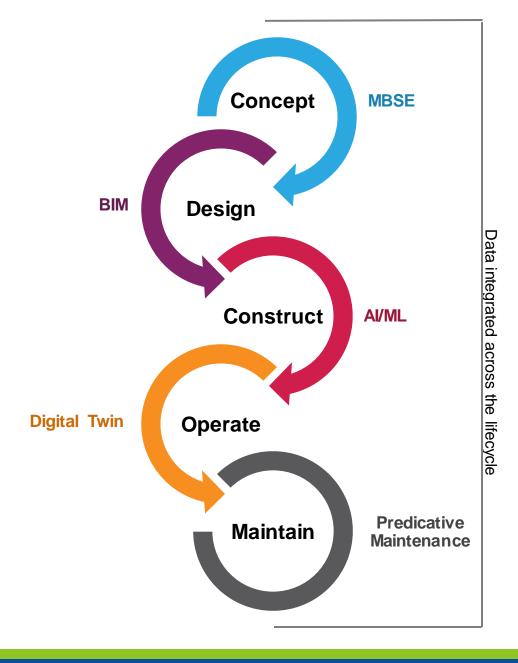
INL Definition: Digital Engineering embodies a deliberate transformational approach to the way systems are conceptualized, designed, constructed, operated, maintained, and retired.

Digital Engineering Design

- Capital and Operational Cost: 15-25% cost savings in design, engineering, construction phase (BCG [1])
- Schedule: New sixth-generation stealth fighter already built with ~10-year schedule reduction [3]
- Performance: 25% productivity increase at Mortenson Construction using Virtual Design and Construction (VDC)
- Risk: Significant reduction of cascading risk (silent error) introduction in design of complex systems

Al/ML: Artificial Intelligence / Machine Learning

BIM: Building Information Management MBSE: Model-Based Systems Engineering



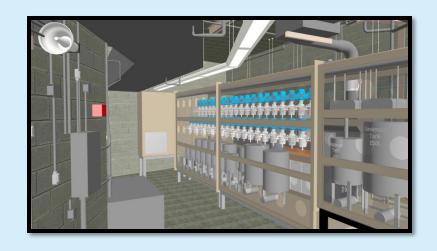
Beartooth Test Bed Vision

INL supports the safe, secure, and economic management of nuclear fuel from conception to final disposition



- Supports sponsor diversification by capitalizing in growing NNSA, NHS, DTRA and Al-Data Science initiatives and budgets
- Provides an integrated civilian nuclear fuel cycle test bed capability not available at any other national laboratory
- Develops **key infrastructure** that supports RD&D of **national security solutions** for the evolving civilian nuclear fuel cycle
- Develops new scientists and safeguards inspectors to support fuel cycle and nonproliferation objectives

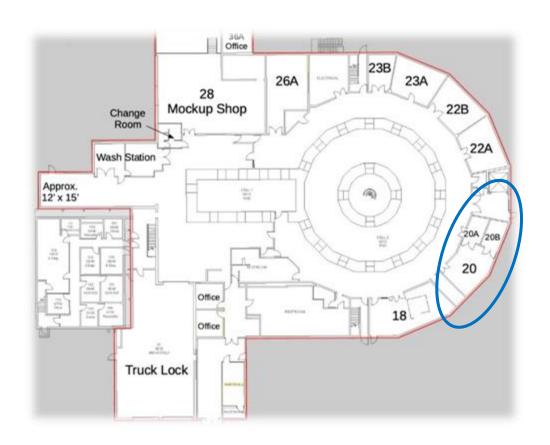
Beartooth Test Bed



Beartooth - SNM Test Bed

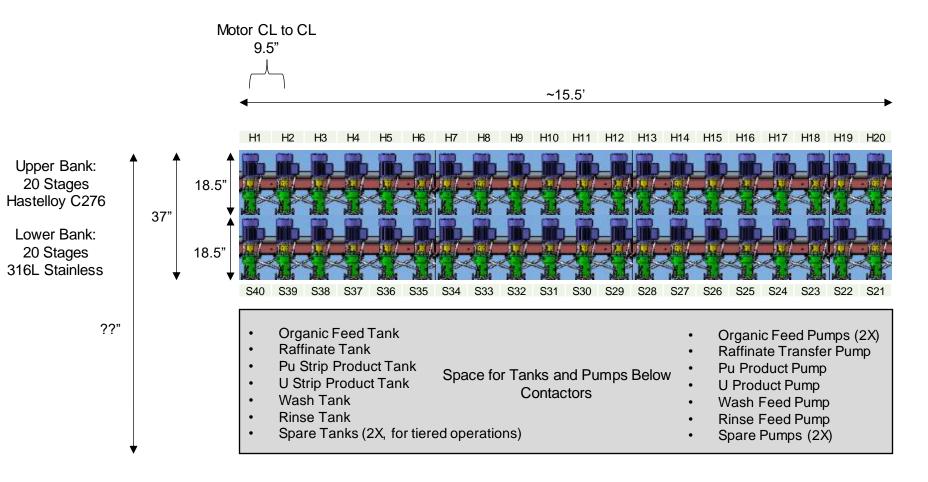
Objective – Provides an integrated civilian nuclear fuel cycle test bed capability for testing new nonproliferation technologies

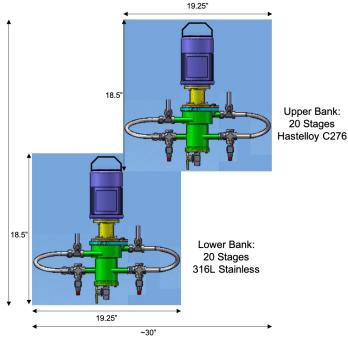
- Platform for instrumentation development supporting tracking and accounting of special nuclear material and proliferation detection of the evolving nuclear fuel cycle
- Develops new Al and ML methods to inform nonproliferation decision making



Location – MFC FCF Hazard Category II Facility

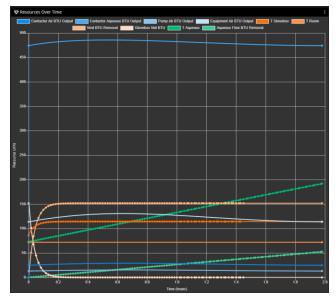
Conceptual Layout: Front & Side Profile

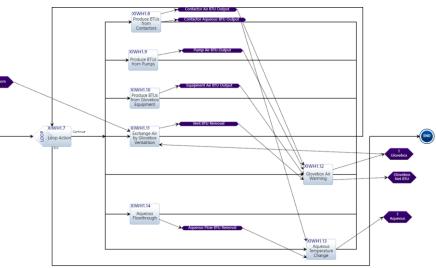




Digital Engineering Design with MBSE

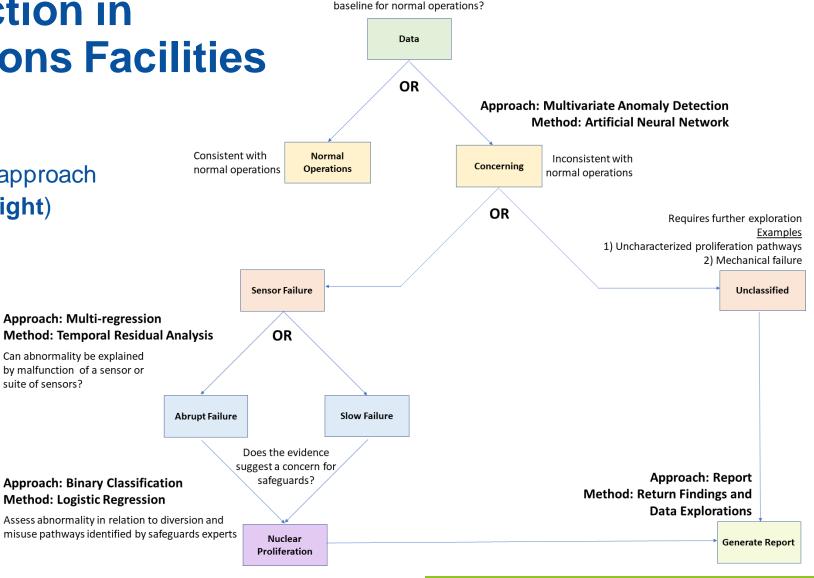
- MBSE: Integrated data approach to modeling to requirements, design, analysis, and test (V&V)
 - Enables validation of assumptions and parameters early in the process
 - Provides traceability to documentation such as requirements for traceability
 - Reduces silent error introduction: Modelling out assumptions such as heating/cooling early in the conceptual design proved that there were additional parameters or requirements that needed defined in the design.





Developing a Digital Twin for Proliferation Detection in Chemical Separations Facilities

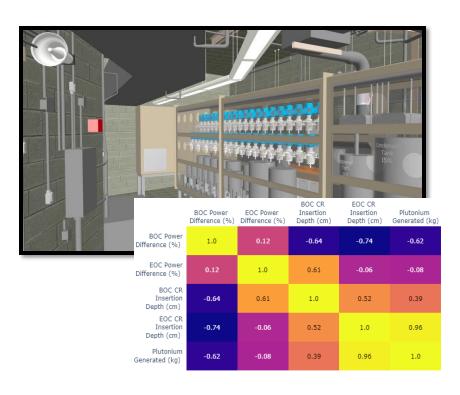
- Transferable Solutions
 - Framework digital twin architecture
 - Break Al/ML goals into simple Q/A approach
 - Prescribe a data driven workflow (right)
- Bonneville County Technology Center (BCTC) to Beartooth Testbed
 - Transparent system monitoring
 - Automated status reporting
 - Proliferation detection
- Flexible Approach
 - Algorithms can be specialized for individual applications
 - Infrastructure remains constant



How does incoming data compare to

Fuel Cycle Digital Twin Summary

- Digital twin and digital engineering techniques are under application in reactor safeguards and fuel cycle facility development (Beartooth)
- Proven to significantly reduce costs (14-23%) and increase performance in automotive and aerospace industries
- Transformational approach to operation and maintenance across nuclear fuel cycle with innovation growing at a rapid pace
- Advanced nuclear digital twins currently funded through ARPA-E GEMINA, DOE-NE, and NNSA
- Digital engineering proven success in nuclear design: VTR has sustained milestone performance across a geographically dispersed team due to our digital engineering strategy
- Digital twin+ AI enables sophisticated proliferation analysis to allow mitigation of diversion and misuse scenarios through safeguards by design and real time monitoring for detection and automated conclusions
- Deployed and advanced nuclear twins in development in industry, academia, and the national laboratories



References

- 1. http://futureofconstruction.org/content/uploads/2016/09/BCG-Digital-in-Engineering-and-Construction-Mar-2016.pdf
- 2. https://www.ge.com/digital/blog/industrial-digital-twins-real-products-driving-1b-loss-avoidance
- 3. https://www.foxnews.com/tech/air-force-flies-6th-gen-stealth-fighter-super-fast-with-digital-engineering
- 4. Vaibhav Yadav, et al. 2021. "Proceedings of the Workshop on Digital Twin Applications for Advanced Nuclear Technologies." ML21083A132, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- 5. https://www.computer.org/csdl/magazine/co/2021/04/09399932/1sF3E3EoCas
- 6. https://www.aviationtoday.com/2018/09/14/boeing-ceo-talks-digital-twin-era-aviation/

Acronyms

ECI: Export Controlled Information

HPC: High Performance Computing

MAGNET: Microreactor AGile Non-nuclear Experimental Testbed

NNSA: National Nuclear Security Administration

NRIC: National Reactor Innovation Center

OUO: Official Use Only

STIC: Strategic Thermal Irradiation Capability